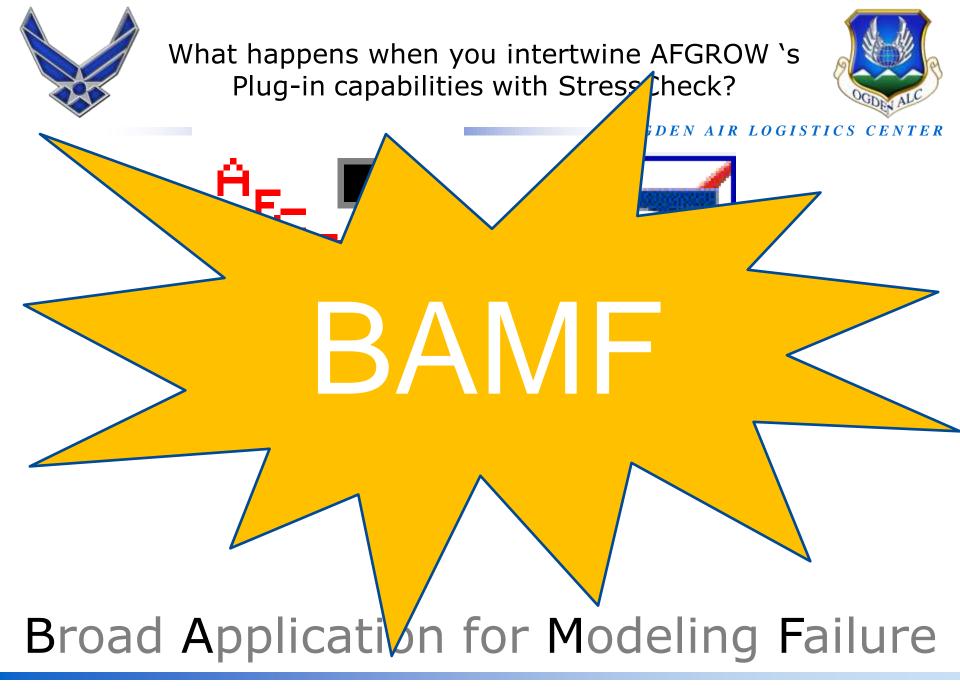
# **Ogden Air Logistics Center**



# Applications of advanced fracture mechanics utilizing StressCheck and AFGROW

Joshua Hodges

T-38 Structural Integrity and Analysis Group

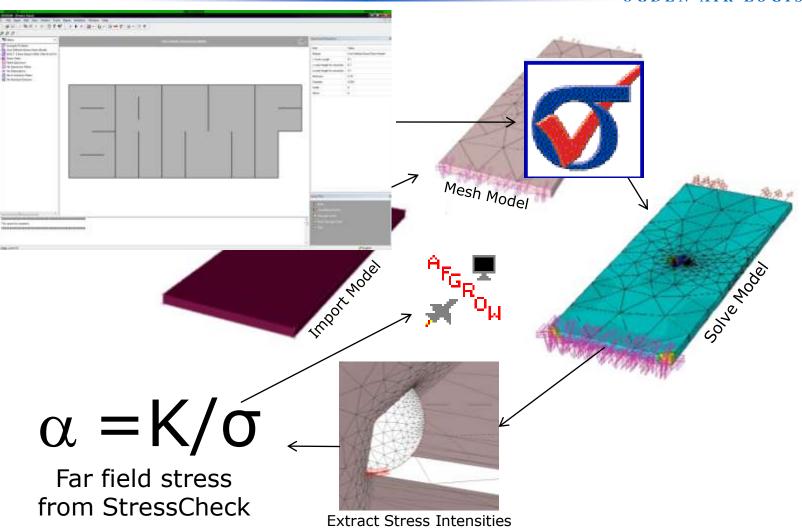




# What does BAMF do for you?



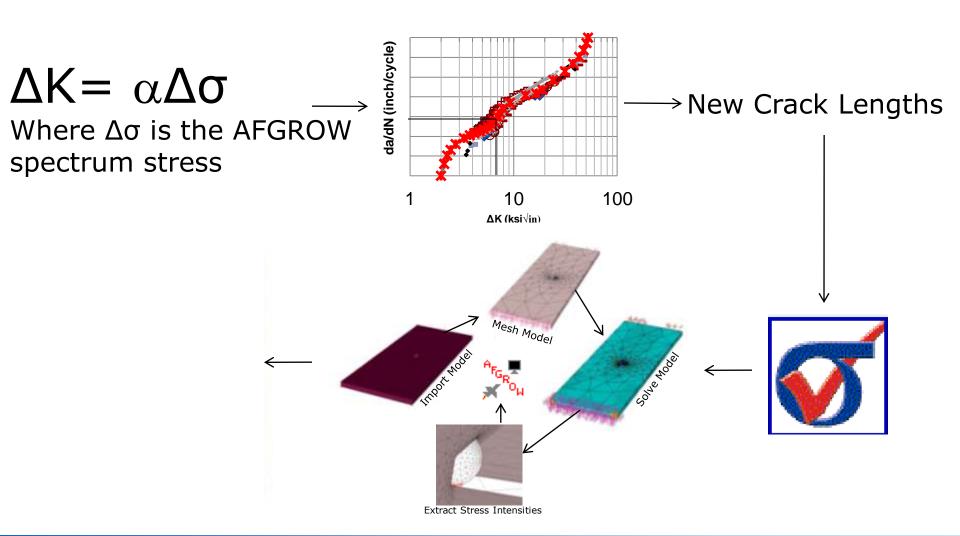






# What does BAMF do for you?







#### Flavors of BAMF





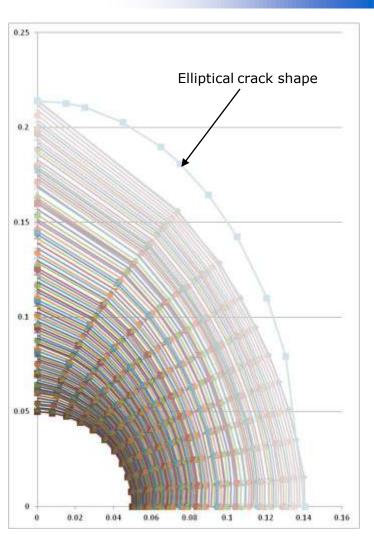




#### **Features of BAMF**

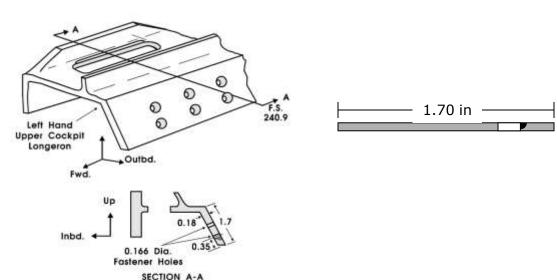


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#### **Benefits of BAMF**

- Removes conservatisms
  - Continuing damage models
  - Multi-site damage
  - •Flat plate assumptions
- •Reduced engineering judgment
- •Reduced engineering time
- •Reduced risk

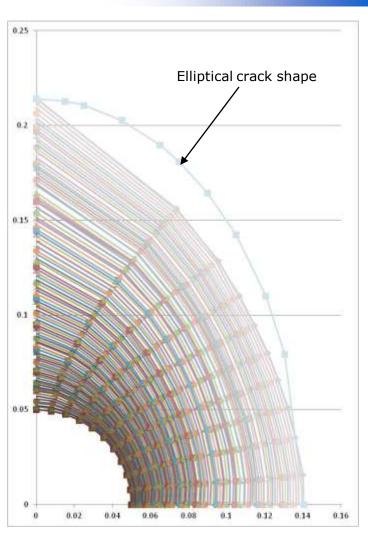




#### **Features of BAMF**



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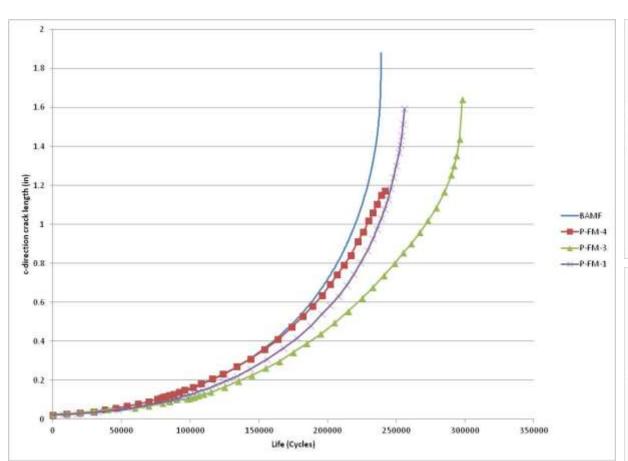
#### **Benefits of Mulit-point BAMF**

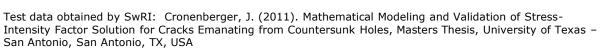
- •Reduction of stress intensities at the bore (compared to elliptical crack assumption)
- More realistic crack shapes (compared to elliptical crack assumption)
- •Increased load carrying capability (compared to elliptical crack assumption)
- •P-shape and other unique crack shapes

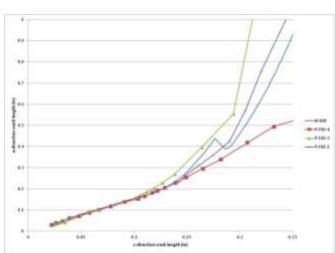


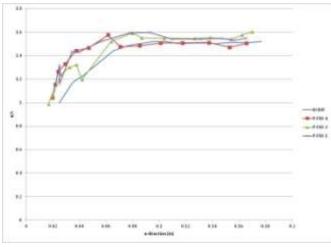
## **BAMF'n Cracks**









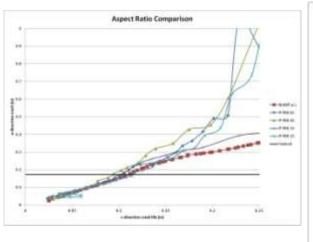


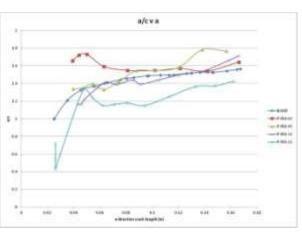


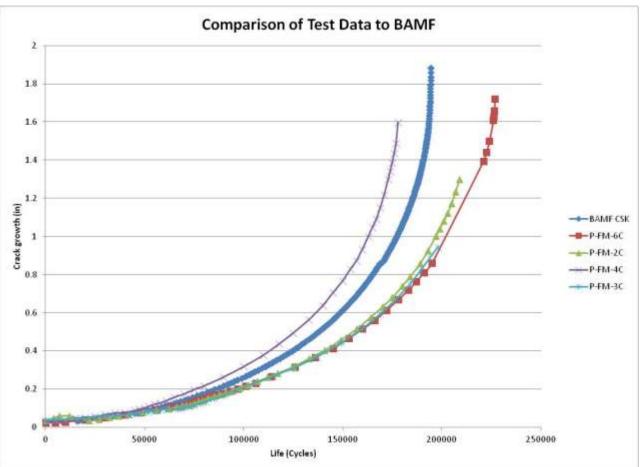
# BAMF'n Cracks in Countersinks



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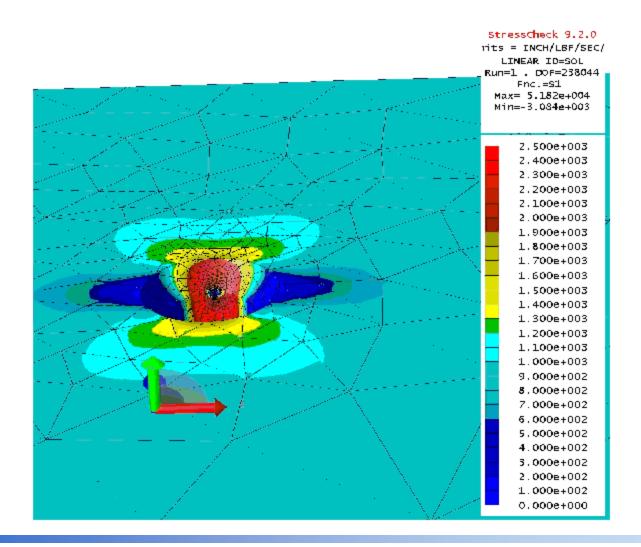


Test data obtained by SwRI: Cronenberger, J. (2011). Mathematical Modeling and Validation of Stress-Intensity Factor Solution for Cracks Emanating from Countersunk Holes, Masters Thesis, University of Texas – San Antonio, San Antonio, TX, USA



# BAMF'n Cracks in Countersinks

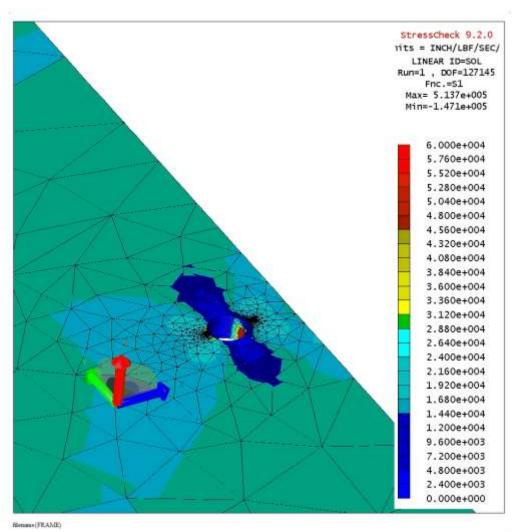






## **BAMF'n 2 Cracks**

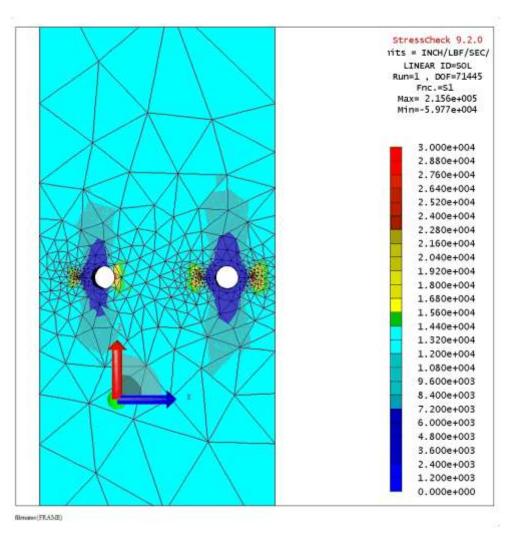






## **BAMF'n Multi-Crack**



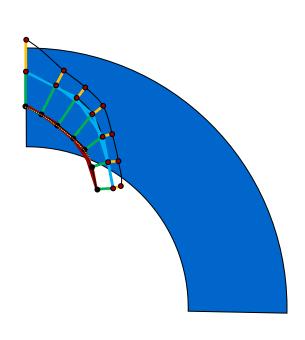






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- •Points may need to be created that lay outside the body. This will insure that the crack can grow in complex geometries.
- •Each stress intensity is calculated from a 3 point average of points on the extracted stress intensity curve.
- •The stress intensity at an end point is calculated from 2 points inboard of the extracted stress intensities

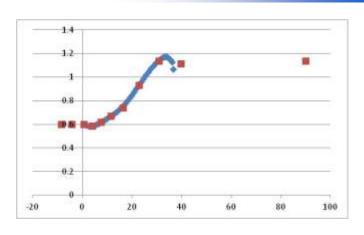


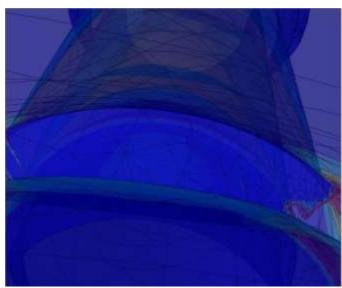
•Initially the 1<sup>st</sup> point will grow only in the y-direction until that point is no longer on the face of the part The cracks will grow a value of da, perpendicular to the line created by its adjacent points. •If a point is outside the body it will grow based on the stress intensity just beneath its closest

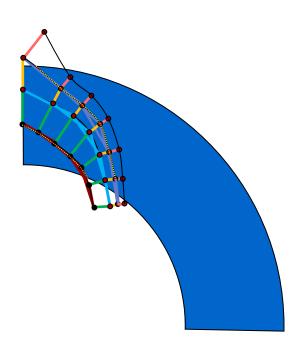
surface.







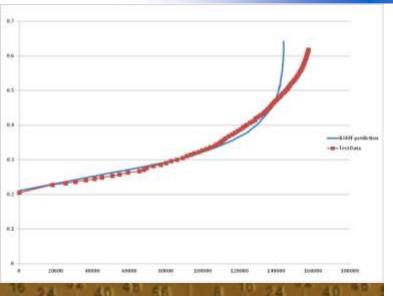


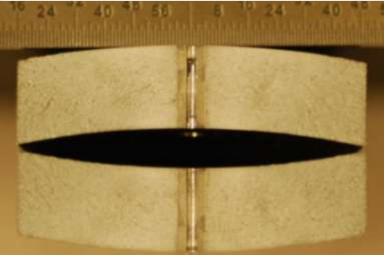


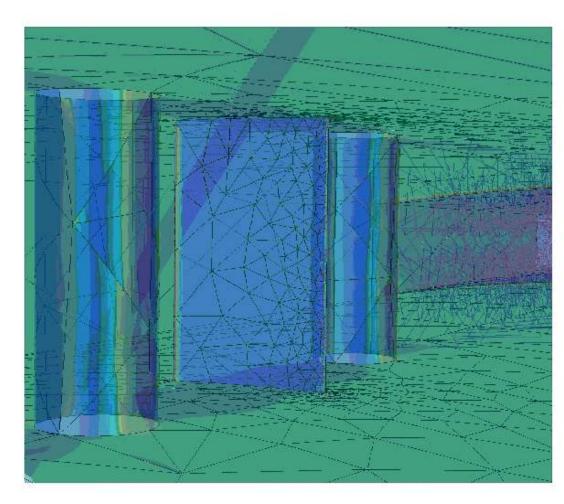
- •Once the 1st point leaves the surface it will then grow perpendicular to the line created between itself and its adjacent point.
- Large crack growth increments will harm crack growth shape.
- •The larger the crack grows the less accurate its predicted shape becomes.





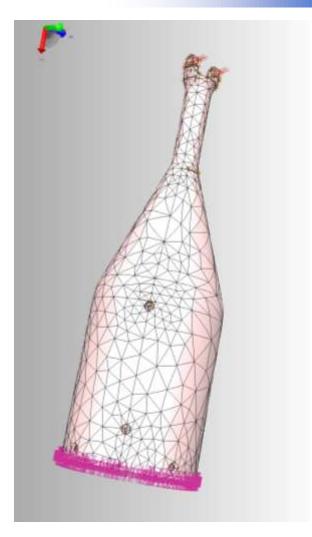


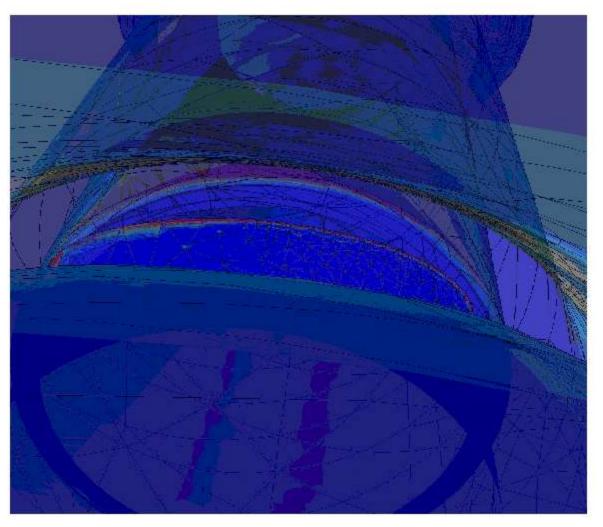














## Discussion of things to be worked on



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#### AFGROW ISSUES

- Dealing with small crack lengths <0.05 in</p>
  - AFGROW call to "Calculate Beta" subroutine
- Growing Rate of Multiple Points/Multiple Cracks

#### BAMF ISSUES

- Through thickness failure
- Failure/Fracture criteria (No current failure criteria)

#### STRESSCHECK ISSUES

- Mesh refinement tools (local curve refinement)
- Multiple points going out of the surface
- Knowing the surface geometry



## **Questions/Comments/Concerns**



